The sites are waterfall structures at the inflow (Pulham Cascade) and an outflow (Pulham Fernary) of a lake (part of a former mediaeval moat) in the grounds of the former Bishop’s Palace now the Bromley Civic Centre. They are formed of Pulhamite and were constructed in 1865 (see http://pulham.org.uk/). The inflow structure is adjacent to a modern fountain in a circular basin on the site of St Blaise’s Well, a chalybeate spring which was used for its curative properties in the 18th century. A large plaque tells the story of St Blaise’s Well. To the north of the Palace is the Millennium Rock, a boulder of Lewisian Gneiss presented to Bromley by the Highland Council.